

# The Watergy greenhouse: Improved productivity and water use efficiency using a closed greenhouse

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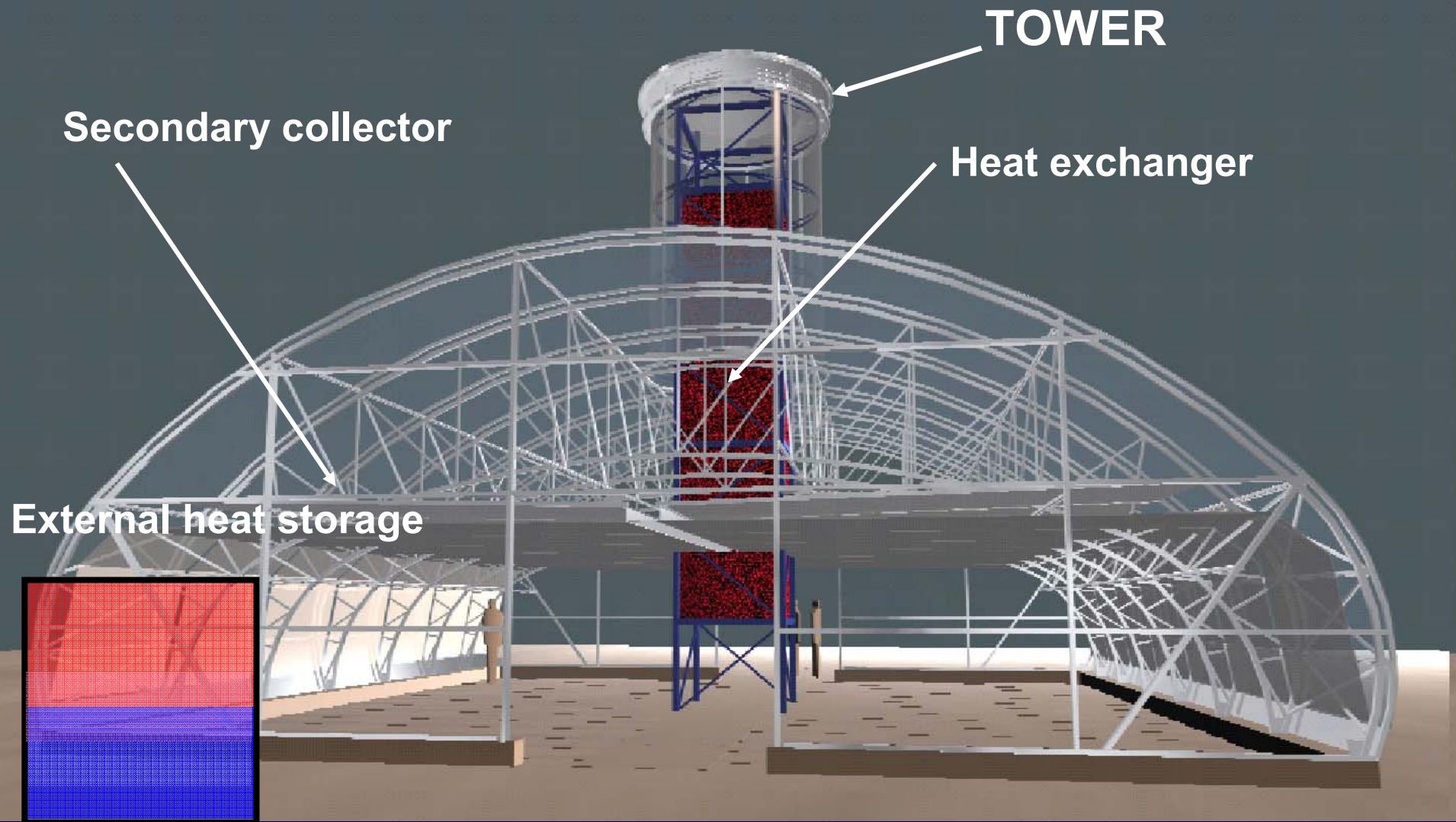
## Closed greenhouses for horticultural growing in semi-arid climates

Water saving (recovery of evapotranspiration)

Possibility of bio-production (no pesticides)

Sink of excess emissions of CO<sub>2</sub>

Climate control in this case is a very hard task, requiring cooling systems (energy consuming)

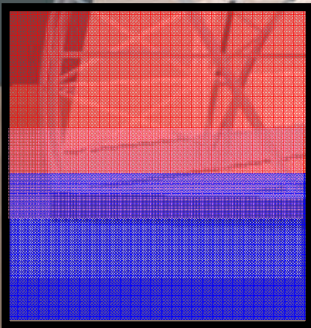


## Watergy Prototype of a closed greenhouse

Passive movement of air  
Passive source of cooling

*Circulation of cold and warm air by natural convection*

Condensation on the heat exchanger when air is cooled



## Watergy Prototype of a closed greenhouse

Sources of air humidity

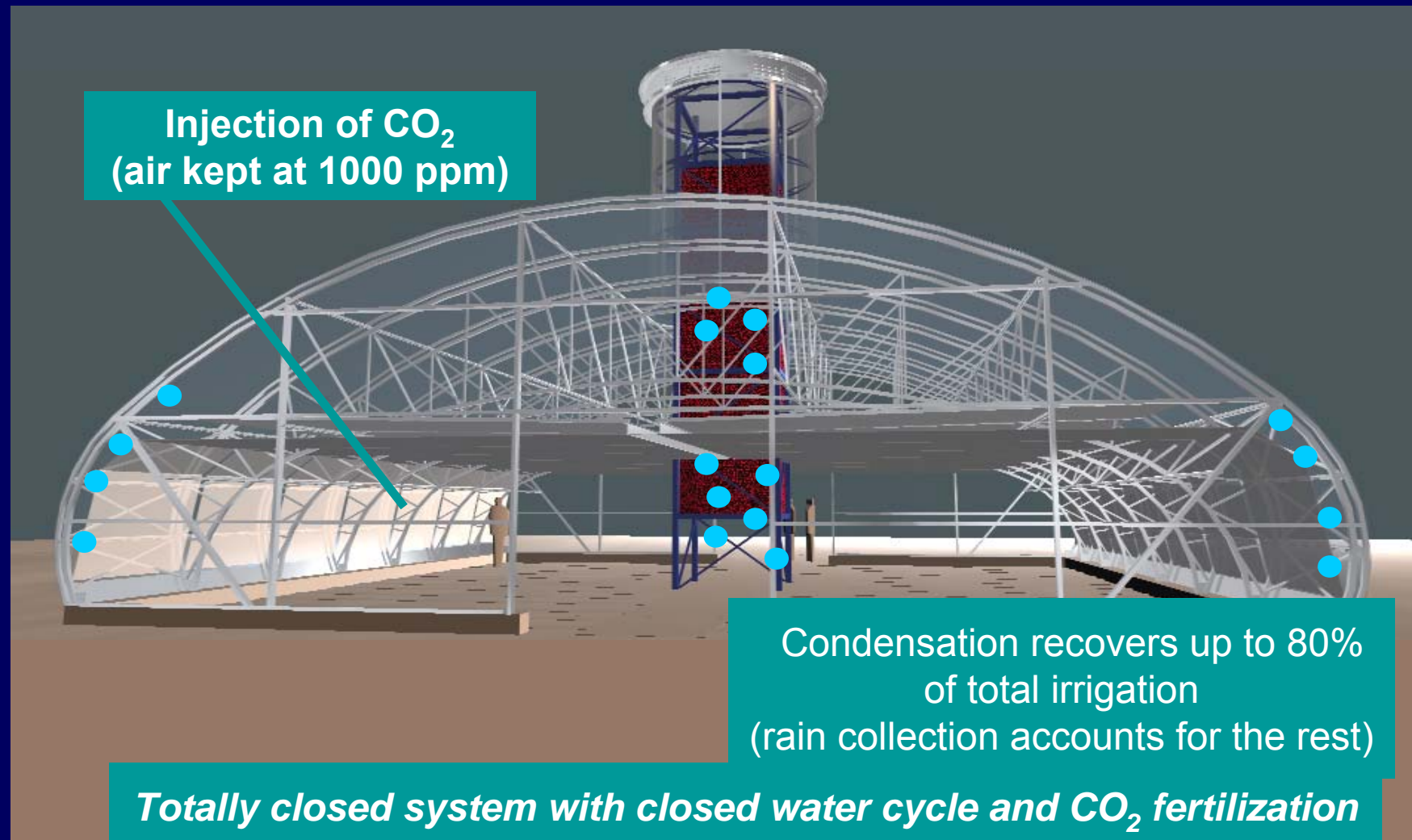
2. Evaporation on secondary collector  
(brackish water can be used)

3. At night, further evaporation on heat exchanger  
(sprinkled during heat release with low-grade water )

1. Humidity coming from evapotranspiration  
(irrigation can be done with grey water)



## Watergy Prototype of a closed greenhouse



Injection of CO<sub>2</sub>  
(air kept at 1000 ppm)

Condensation recovers up to 80%  
of total irrigation  
(rain collection accounts for the rest)

*Totally closed system with closed water cycle and CO<sub>2</sub> fertilization*

## Watergy Prototype of a closed greenhouse

Estación Experimental Fundación Cajamar El Ejido (Almería)

Standard galvanized iron structure  
with plastic cover (PE+EVA anti-drip)

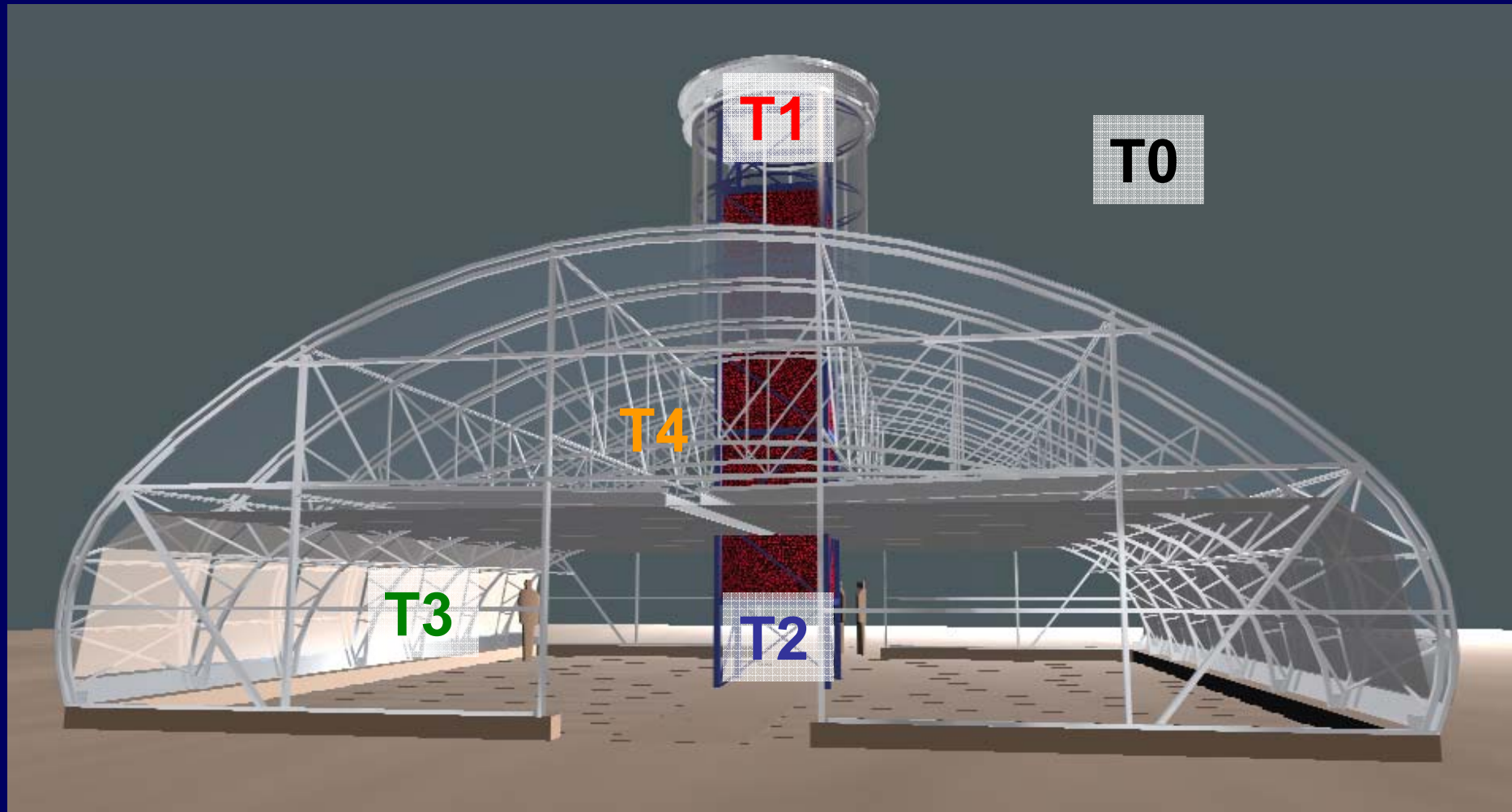
Tower 10 m high  
(covered with polycarbonate)

Heat storage  
20 m<sup>3</sup>

Cultivation area 200 m<sup>2</sup>



## Performance of the system

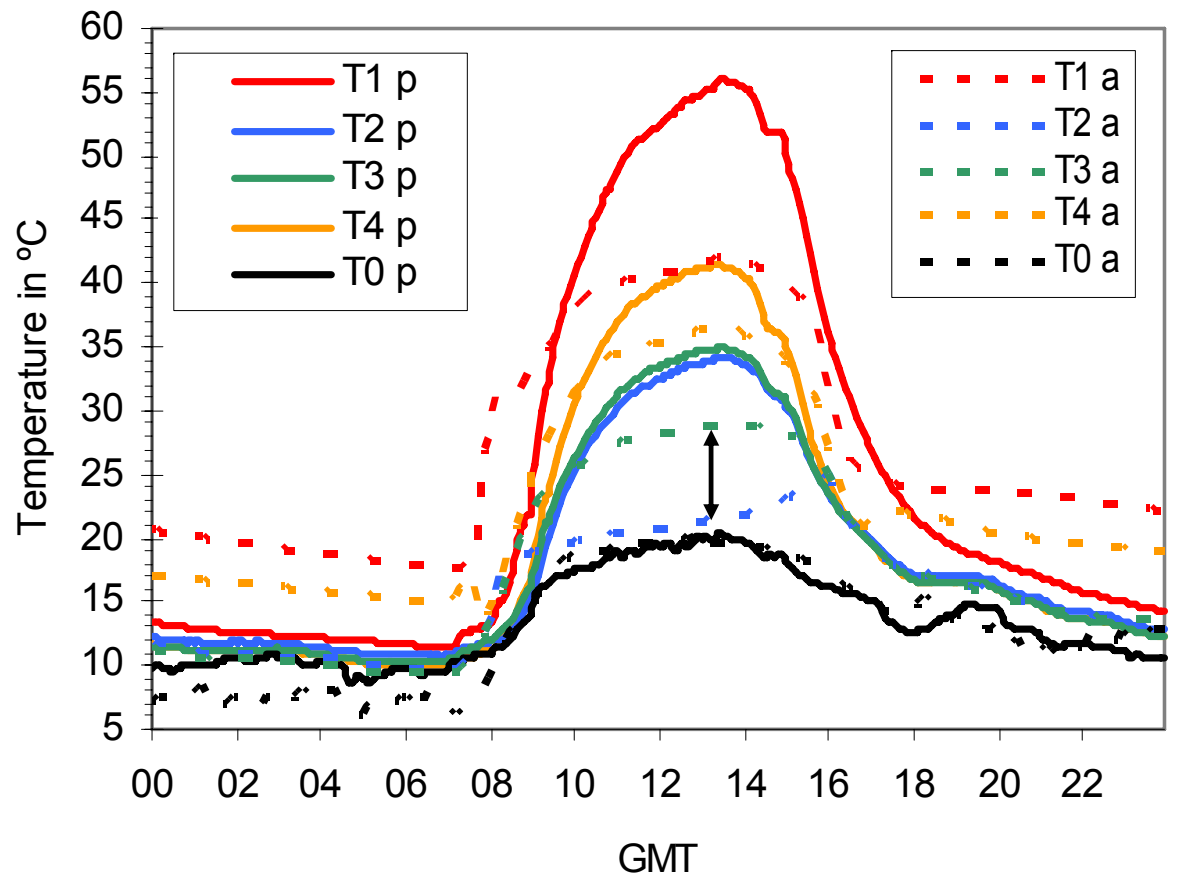




## Performance of the system

p: non-operating → no cooling (vertical gradient of T)

a: operating → cooling (cold air circulates from bottom of tower)



## Temperatures:

T1: top of the tower

T2: bottom of the tower

T3: greenhouse

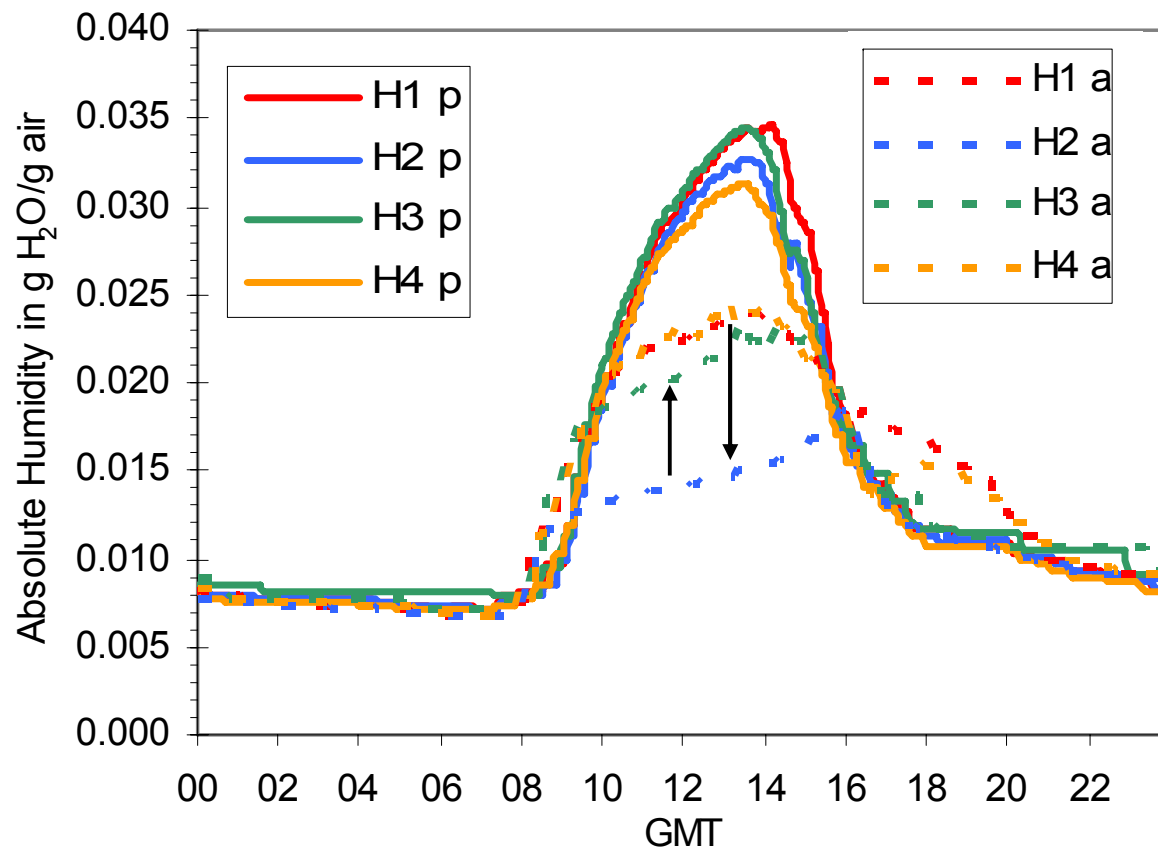
T4: secondary collector

T0: outside

## Performance of the system

p: non-operating → no cooling (no drying)

a: operating → cooling (air humidity decreases inside the tower)



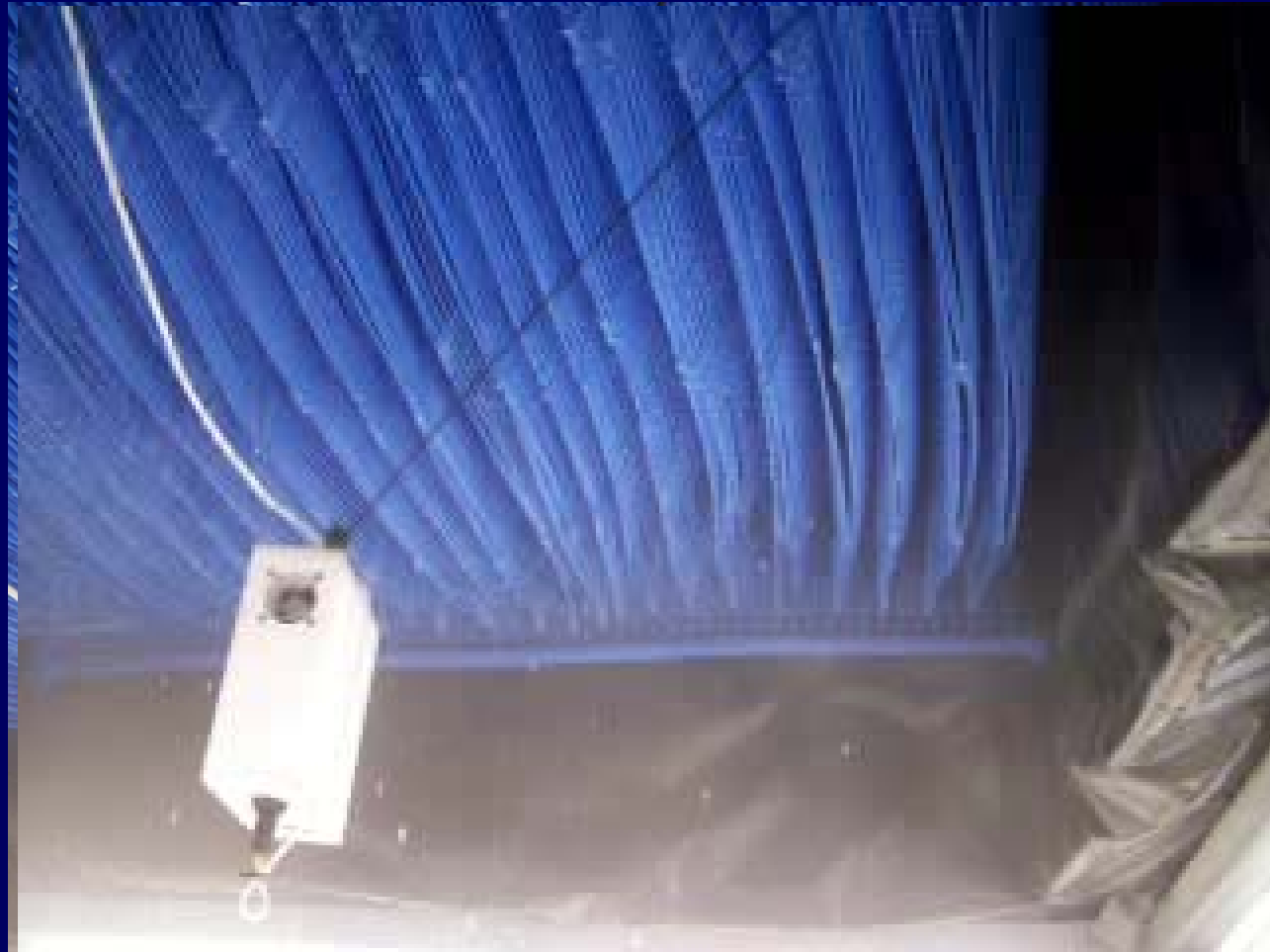
## Humidity content of the air :

H1: top of the tower

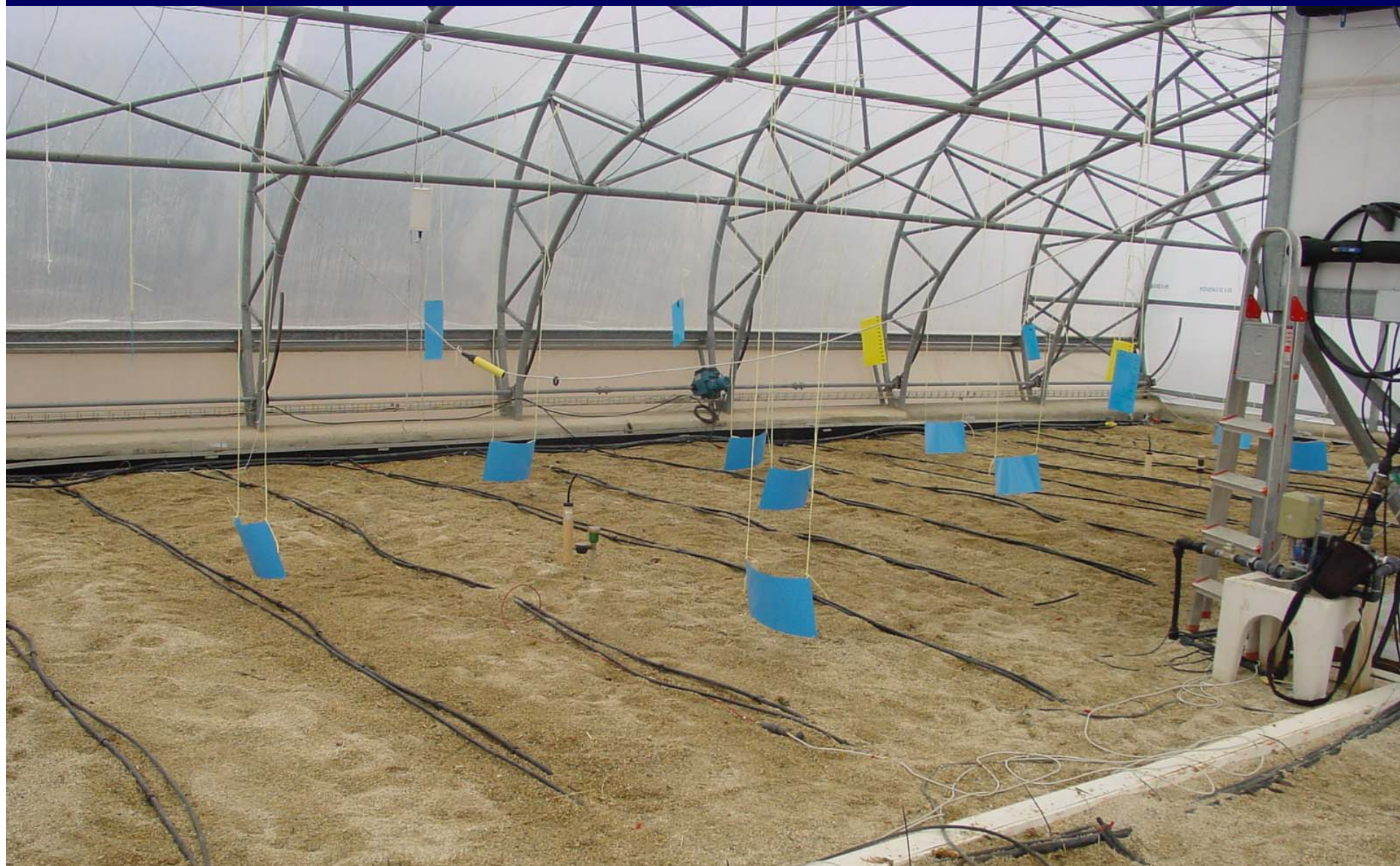
H2: bottom of the tower

H3: greenhouse

H4: secondary collector



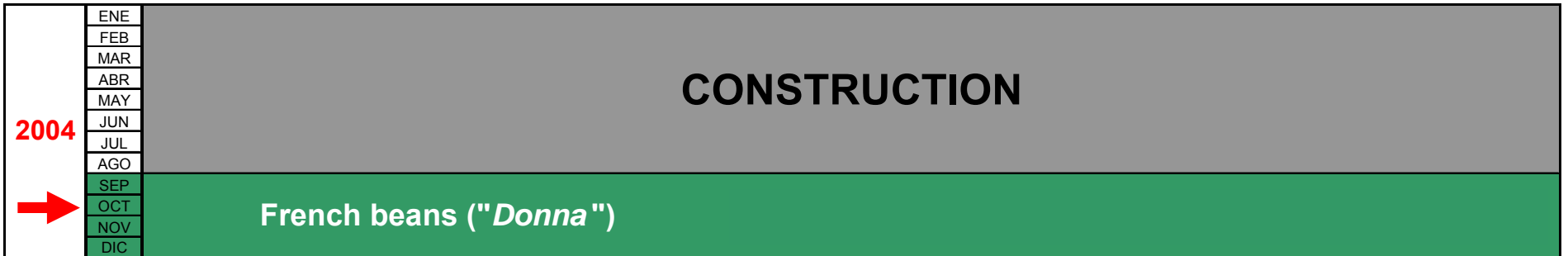
video





# Agronomical evaluation of the Watergy prototype and main results (2004-2007)





2005

2006

2007



Phase 1: autumn 2004

greenhouse finished except for automation and monitoring

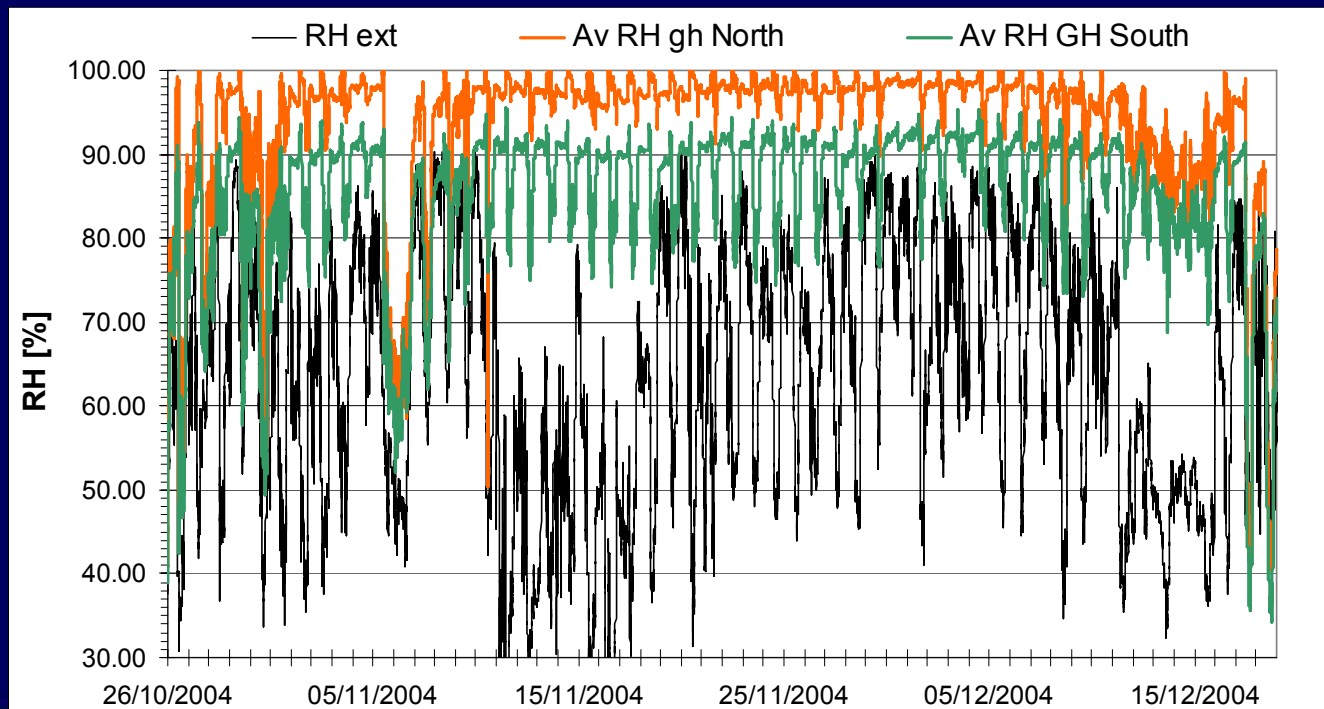
preliminary cultivation of beans (cv “Donna”)

from 10 Sep 04 to 7 Dec 04

very high density (2 plants/m<sup>2</sup>)

→ excess shadow in the north

→ excess humidity





## Phase 1: autumn 2004

greenhouse finished except for automation and monitoring

preliminary cultivation of beans (cv "*Donna*")

from 10 Sep 04 to 7 Dec 04

very high density (2 plants/m<sup>2</sup>) → excess shadow in the north

→ excess humidity

## Yield:

north: 1.5 kg/m<sup>2</sup>

south: 3 kg/m<sup>2</sup>

→ larger than standards of the area  
for that cultivar and season

2004	ENE	<b>CONSTRUCTION</b>		
	FEB			
	MAR			
	ABR			
	MAY			
	JUN			
	JUL			
	AGO			
	SEP			
	OCT			
	NOV			
	DIC			
2005	ENE	ADJUSTMENTS TO MONITORING (CONDENSATION)		
	FEB			
	MAR	French (" <i>Festival</i> ") and Bush (" <i>Parker</i> ") Beans		
	ABR			
	MAY			
	JUN			
2006				
2007				





4-4-05



6-5-05



<b>2004</b>	ENE	<b>CONSTRUCTION</b>			
	FEB				
	MAR				
	ABR				
	MAY				
	JUN				
	JUL				
	AGO				
	SEP				
	OCT				
	NOV				
	DIC				
<b>2005</b>	ENE	ADJUSTMENTS TO MONITORING (CONDENSATION)			
	FEB				
	MAR	French (" <i>Festival</i> ") and Bush (" <i>Parker</i> ") Beans	ADJUSTMENTS TO COOLING	flowers fade (reduced cooling performance)	
	ABR				
	MAY				
	JUN	Okra (Plant Tests)	ADJUSTMENTS TO COOLING		
	JUL				
	AGO				
	SEP				
	<b>2006</b>				
<b>2007</b>					





25-7-05



8-7-05



17-8-05

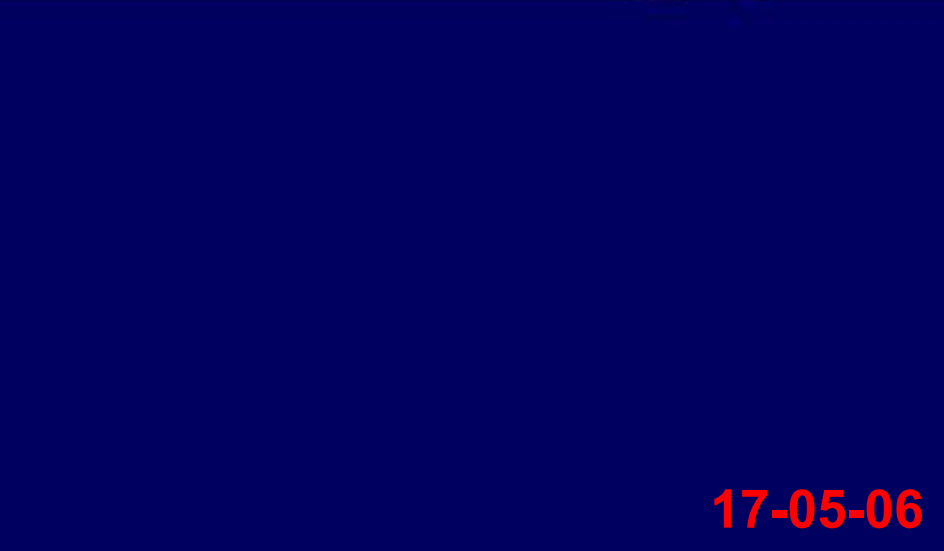


2004	ENE	<b>CONSTRUCTION</b>		
	FEB			
	MAR			
	ABR			
	MAY			
	JUN			
	JUL			
	AGO			
	SEP			
	OCT			
	NOV			
	DIC			
2005	ENE	ADJUSTMENTS TO MONITORING (CONDENSATION)		
	FEB			
	MAR	French (" <i>Festival</i> ") and Bush (" <i>Parker</i> ") Beans	ADJUSTMENTS TO COOLING	flowers fade (reduced cooling performance)
	ABR			
	MAY			
	JUN	Okra (Plant Tests)	ADJUSTMENTS TO COOLING	
	JUL			
	AGO			
	SEP	Bush Beans (" <i>Parker</i> ")	reduced transmission of plastic (50%)	Yield: 2 kg/m <sup>2</sup> PW: 100 kg/m <sup>3</sup>
	OCT			
	NOV			
	DIC			
ENE				
2006	FEB	CHANGE OF PLASTIC		
	MAR	Bush Beans (" <i>Strike</i> ")	Okra (variety trial)	
	ABR			
	MAY			
	JUN			
2007				





27-04-06



17-05-06



Phase 3: spring-summer 2006

Beans and Okra (variety trial)

from 24 Feb 06 to 1 Jun 06

Beans (*Strike*)

Yield: 1.2 kg/m<sup>2</sup>

→ similar to optimal of the area for that cultivar and season

Productivity of water: 51 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

→ 4-5 times larger than open greenhouse standards (Orgaz et al., 2005)



2004	ENE	<b>CONSTRUCTION</b>		
	FEB			
	MAR			
	ABR			
	MAY			
	JUN			
	JUL			
	AGO			
	SEP			
	OCT			
	NOV			
	DIC			
2005	ENE	ADJUSTMENTS TO MONITORING (CONDENSATION)		
	FEB			
	MAR	French (" <i>Festival</i> ") and Bush (" <i>Parker</i> ") Beans	ADJUSTMENTS TO COOLING	flowers fade (reduced cooling performance)
	ABR			
	MAY			
	JUN	Okra (Plant Tests)	ADJUSTMENTS TO COOLING	
	JUL			
	AGO			
	SEP	Bush Beans (" <i>Parker</i> ")	reduced transmission of plastic (50%)	Yield: 2 kg/m <sup>2</sup> PW: 100 kg/m <sup>3</sup>
	OCT			
	NOV			
	DIC			
ENE				
2006	FEB	CHANGE OF PLASTIC		
	MAR	Bush Beans (" <i>Strike</i> ")	Okra (variety trial)	Yield: 1.2 kg/m <sup>2</sup> PW: 51 kg/m <sup>3</sup>
	ABR			
	MAY			
	JUN	Okra (variety trial)		
	JUL			
	AGO			
	SEP			
	OCT			
	NOV	CHANGE OF PLASTIC		
	DIC			
	2007	ENE	CHANGE OF PLASTIC	
FEB		Bush Beans (" <i>Strike</i> ")		
MAR				
ABR				
MAY				



Phase 4: spring 2007

cultivation of beans (cv "Strike")

from 25 Jan 07 to 30 Apr 07

simultaneous cultivation in an open greenhouse

	WATERGY	OPEN GREENHOUSE
Yield:	1.9 kg/m <sup>2</sup> 40% more	1.4 kg/m <sup>2</sup>
Productivity of water:	106 kg/m <sup>3</sup>	13 kg/m <sup>3</sup>

8 times better use of water

## Summary of beans production inside the Watergy closed greenhouse

Table 1. Production of beans (*Phaseolus Vulgaris*) inside the prototype in each cycle. Total fruit yield is indicated, together with the value of the productivity of water (PW), expressed as kg of fruits per m<sup>3</sup> of water consumed.

Crop cycle (from seeding to cutting)	Cultivar	Production	PW
10 Sep 04 – 7 Dec 04	“Donna”	north: 1.5 kg/m <sup>2</sup> south: 3 kg/m <sup>2</sup>	(not accounted)
30 Sep 05 – 23 Jan 06	“Parker”	2 kg/m <sup>2</sup>	100 kg/m <sup>3</sup>
24 Feb 06 – 1 Jun 06	“Strike”	1.2 kg/m <sup>2</sup>	51 kg/m <sup>3</sup> (40 - 54 kg/m <sup>3</sup> ) (*)
25 Jan 07 – 30 April 07	“Strike”	1.9 kg/m <sup>2</sup>	106 kg/m <sup>3</sup>
open greenhouse			
25 Jan 07 - 30 April 07	“Strike”	1.4 kg/m <sup>2</sup>	13 kg/m <sup>3</sup>

→ 50% light transmission

→ yield period shortened

## CONCLUSIONS

Horticultural growing inside the closed Watergy greenhouse is possible all year long

No use of additional energy but solar energy

Much larger water use efficiency (almost a factor 10)

## FUTURE WORK

Better anti-drip cover material is needed

Improvements in the heat destruction (passive)

## Average temperature inside the Watergy closed greenhouse

CO<sub>2</sub> ~ 1000 p.p.m.

	2006											2007								
[°C]	FEB	MAR	ABR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AGO	SEP	OCT	NOV	DIC	FEB	MAR	ABR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AGO	SEP	OCT
0:00	11	14	19	22	24	28	28	26	22	18	16	16	17	18	19	21	24	25	24	24
1:00	11	14	18	21	23	29	29	26	22	18	16	16	17	17	19	21	24	25	24	24
2:00	10	13	18	21	23	28	29	26	21	17	15	16	16	17	18	21	23	25	23	23
3:00	10	13	18	21	23	28	28	26	21	17	15	15	16	17	18	20	23	24	23	23
4:00	10	13	18	20	22	28	28	25	21	17	15	15	15	17	18	20	22	24	23	23
5:00	9	13	18	21	22	28	28	25	21	17	15	15	15	16	18	20	23	24	23	23
6:00	9	13	18	22	25	28	27	24	21	17	15	14	15	17	21	24	26	25	23	23
7:00	11	17	22	25	29	32	31	27	24	17	15	15	19	21	27	29	30	30	27	27
8:00	16	23	27	29	32	35	35	31	28	20	17	19	25	25	30	32	34	33	31	31
9:00	22	28	31	31	33	37	37	34	31	24	22	25	30	28	31	33	35	35	33	33
10:00	26	31	31	31	34	39	38	35	32	26	24	28	30	29	33	35	37	37	34	34
11:00	28	32	32	32	35	40	39	36	32	27	25	28	30	30	34	37	38	38	35	35
12:00	30	33	32	32	36	40	39	36	32	27	25	28	30	30	35	37	39	38	35	35
13:00	31	33	31	32	36	40	39	36	32	27	24	29	30	30	35	38	40	39	36	36
14:00	31	33	31	32	36	40	39	35	32	26	24	29	29	31	35	38	40	39	35	35
15:00	29	33	30	32	36	40	39	34	31	26	24	29	29	31	34	37	40	39	34	34
16:00	26	31	29	32	35	39	38	34	29	24	22	28	27	30	33	36	39	38	33	33
17:00	22	27	27	30	36	38	36	31	26	22	19	24	25	27	32	35	38	37	31	31
18:00	17	21	25	27	32	36	34	29	25	20	18	20	22	23	28	33	36	33	28	28
19:00	14	18	22	25	29	33	31	27	24	20	17	19	20	21	25	28	31	30	27	27
20:00	13	17	21	24	28	31	30	27	23	19	17	18	19	20	22	26	28	28	26	26
21:00	12	16	20	23	27	30	29	26	23	19	17	18	18	19	21	24	27	27	25	25
22:00	11	15	20	22	26	29	28	26	22	18	17	17	18	19	20	23	26	26	25	25
23:00	11	15	19	22	25	29	28	25	22	18	16	17	17	18	20	22	25	26	24	24



## Average solar radiation inside the Watergy closed greenhouse

[W/m <sup>2</sup> ] 2006												CO <sub>2</sub> ~ 1000 p.p.m.	[W/m <sup>2</sup> ] 2007								
FEB	MAR	ABR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AGO	SEP	OCT	NOV	DIC	FEB	MAR	ABR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AGO	SEP			
0:00																					
1:00																					
2:00																					
3:00																					
4:00																					
5:00																					
6:00			64	84	76	64	64						74	103	116	65					
7:00	78	145	147	134	118	109	141	141	154	53			172	192	118	115	113				
8:00	206	268	244	219	173	168	265	221	249	160	135		258	283	200	169	159				
9:00	348	389	336	290	223	232	362	305	351	234	206		343	360	268	238	223				
10:00	450	508	418	334	258	269	429	378	427	297	292		405	427	323	294	279				
11:00	594	574	439	370	281	300	466	419	472	348	322		447	466	363	319	307				
12:00	595	603	422	385	286	315	486	440	472	349	334		446	479	379	319	303				
13:00	582	582	389	357	287	307	486	409	431	317	282		427	452	358	299	284				
14:00	533	500	316	304	265	271	426	327	305	236	210		384	397	319	271	216				
15:00	350	356	230	232	226	214	296	227	186	153	131		312	322	260	210	157				
16:00	226	188	131	164	162	146	180	148	82	52			226	225	172	118	85				
17:00	67	78	75	95	127	108	101						125	126	86	67					
18:00				51										63							
19:00																					
20:00																					
21:00																					
22:00																					
23:00																					

## Average relative humidity [%] inside the Watergy closed greenhouse

### 2006

### 2007

	FEB	MAR	ABR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AGO	SEP	OCT	NOV	DIC
0:00	83	85	85	92	86	88	89	90	85	84	84
1:00	84	85	86	92	89	89	91	92	85	84	83
2:00	84	86	86	92	89	89	92	92	85	84	83
3:00	84	86	86	92	89	89	92	92	85	84	83
4:00	84	86	86	92	89	89	92	92	85	84	83
5:00	84	86	86	92	90	90	93	93	85	84	84
6:00	84	86	90	93	92	91	92	91	86	84	83
7:00	84	83	91	94	93	93	90	92	90	87	84
8:00	78	76	88	93	92	93	88	92	91	91	90
9:00	68	70	84	90	91	92	87	90	89	91	90
10:00	60	64	85	89	89	91	83	87	88	88	86
11:00	56	65	85	89	88	88	81	85	87	88	84
12:00	54	65	85	89	86	87	79	83	87	86	82
13:00	51	65	85	88	86	87	79	83	87	86	82
14:00	50	64	85	89	86	88	80	84	87	86	84
15:00	54	64	86	90	87	88	83	87	89	88	85
16:00	60	67	84	90	88	88	83	86	87	87	81
17:00	66	71	84	87	82	86	82	86	86	88	85
18:00	76	79	84	87	81	83	79	82	84	85	84
19:00	81	83	84	89	81	83	80	84	85	84	83
20:00	82	84	86	90	83	84	82	85	85	84	84
21:00	83	84	86	91	84	85	82	85	85	84	84
22:00	83	85	86	91	84	86	83	85	85	84	84
23:00	83	85	86	91	84	86	83	85	85	84	84

	FEB	MAR	ABR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AGO	SEP
0:00	81	84	87	92	92	92	93	92
1:00	81	84	87	92	93	93	93	92
2:00	81	84	87	92	93	93	93	92
3:00	81	84	87	92	93	93	93	92
4:00	81	85	87	92	93	93	93	92
5:00	82	85	86	93	94	94	93	92
6:00	82	85	87	94	96	95	94	94
7:00	82	86	87	94	95	93	93	96
8:00	78	82	84	90	92	90	91	95
9:00	71	76	83	88	90	88	89	93
10:00	67	76	80	86	88	86	87	91
11:00	67	76	78	85	86	84	85	90
12:00	66	75	78	84	84	82	85	89
13:00	64	75	78	84	85	82	85	89
14:00	65	75	78	85	84	82	85	90
15:00	67	78	79	86	85	83	86	90
16:00	69	80	81	87	87	85	87	91
17:00	77	82	83	86	88	85	87	90
18:00	79	85	86	87	88	86	88	91
19:00	80	84	86	89	89	89	90	91
20:00	80	84	86	90	91	91	92	91
21:00	80	84	86	91	92	92	92	91
22:00	80	84	86	91	92	92	92	91
23:00	81	84	86	91	92	92	92	91





## FUTURE WORK

Better anti-drip cover material is needed

Improvements in the heat destruction (passive)

After > 30 years growing in open greenhouses, plant scientists have selected the right cultivars and practices

High T

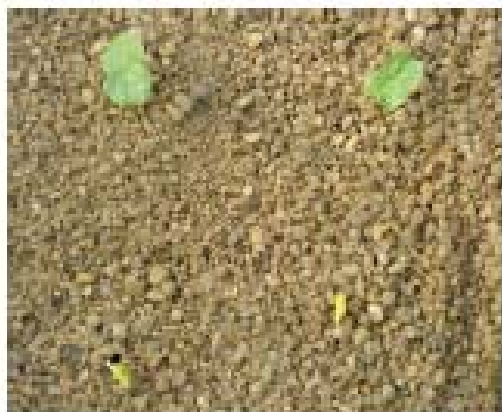
High RH

High CO<sub>2</sub>

→ The turn of plant scientists to get into the closed greenhouses

2004	ENE	<b>CONSTRUCTION</b>					
	FEB						
	MAR						
	ABR						
	MAY						
	JUN						
	JUL						
	AGO						
	SEP				French Beans ("Donna")	density too high	North: 1.5 kg/m <sup>2</sup> South: 3 kg/m <sup>2</sup>
	OCT						
NOV							
DIC							
2005	ENE	ADJUSTMENTS TO MONITORING (CONDENSATION)					
	FEB						
	MAR	French ("Festival") and Bush ("Parker") Beans	ADJUSTMENTS TO COOLING	flowers fade (reduced cooling performance)			
	ABR						
	MAY						
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	AGO						
	SEP	Bush Beans ("Parker")	reduced transmission of plastic (50%)	Yield: 2 kg/m <sup>2</sup> PW: 100 kg/m <sup>3</sup>			
	OCT						
NOV							
DIC	CHANGE OF PLASTIC						
2006	ENE	Bush Beans ("Strike")	Okra (variety trial)	Yield: 1.2 kg/m <sup>2</sup> PW: 51 kg/m <sup>3</sup>			
	FEB						
	MAR						
	ABR	Okra (variety trial)					
	MAY						
	JUN						
	JUL	Okra (variety trial)					
	AGO						
	SEP						
	OCT	CHANGE OF PLASTIC					
2007	ENE	Bush Beans ("Strike")		Yield: 1.9 kg/m <sup>2</sup> PW: 106 kg/m <sup>3</sup>			
	FEB						
	MAR						
	ABR	Biomass for high quality fiber	Kenaf ( <i>Hibiscus Cannabinus</i> )				
	MAY						
	JUN						
	JUL						
	AGO						
	SEP						
	OCT						
NOV							
DIC							





4 days since sowing



3 weeks



4 weeks



5 weeks



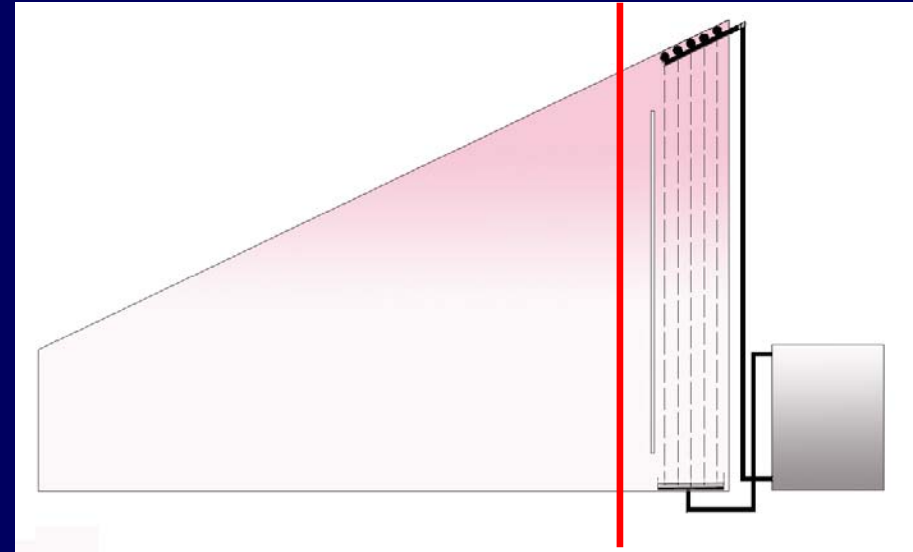
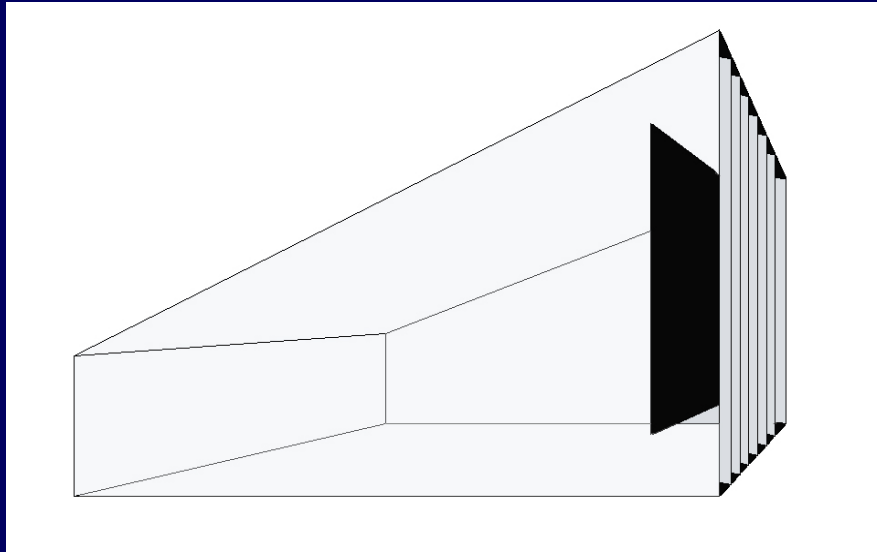
3 months after sowing (time to harvest)

**4 crop cycles have been performed during 13 months**

**With interplanting, potential yield for kenaf can be >140 T/Ha**

**PW > 30 kg/m<sup>3</sup> (>10 times larger comparing with open air growing)**

## Direction of future development



Construction from circular to linear symmetry to extend surface

Dissociate the structure from the cooling system  
(forced movement of air to an external heat exchanger)

Push the possibilities of passive heat destruction to its limit